

English Abstracts

Ágoston, Zsófia: Greta Thunberg in the mass media. The legal aspects of being in the public eye.

Maybe it's not an exaggeration to say that Greta Thunberg is the world's most widely known climate activist at the moment. During her years of speaking out, she made quite a name for herself, and with that came the huge attention from the mass media. In my writing, I'm going to demonstrate the personal rights of public figures and children. Later on, I will be analyzing the legal grounding of Thunberg's demands and statements, eventually coming to the dissection of the attacks she has to endure in the media, by the help of the existing connection (on the fields of international criminal law) between the press and defamation. My main aim is to create a junction between the elements stated above – with that, I will be able to create a general idea around the legal aspect of Thunberg's public appearances as a (then) minor.

Appel, Judit: The ESG approach in the economy

In recent years, ESG investments have gone from a niche market to mainstream. The ESG is a rating system based on three pillars (environmental, social, governance) This rating is similar to the rating of credit rating agencies, but measures sustainability. More research has sought to answer the question of how the compilation of more conscious portfolios affects returns. Contradictory research has been conducted, however, it appears that even if no additional returns are realized, ESG investors can perform at the same level compared to a traditional portfolio. The ESG now is forcing the banking system to be reformed, which are subject to environmental regulations.

Bak, Veronika: Trans-European Transport Networks: Implementation and Financing Pan-European Infrastructural Projects

The Trans-European Transport Network (TEN-T) is a European Commission policy seeking to develop and expand a European-wide network of roads, railway lines, rail-road terminals, inland waterways, shipping routes, ports and airports.

The TEN-T programme has brought tangible benefits to all EU Member States in all modes of transport. The completion of the TEN-T network brings improvements to overall mobility in addition to other economic, social, and environmental advantages. Its ultimate objective is to close gaps, strengthen cohesion and contribute to a safe, efficient and sustainable mobility.

In this study, the emphasis is on the implementation and financial background, ways, and problems of financing of TEN-T projects. At the end, as a summary, some of those successful projects are shortly introduced which offer great examples of how EU co-funding positively contributes to mobility.

Böhm, Róbert: The social enterprises as the cornerstones of social economy

The article presents the main elements of social enterprises and the European social sector. In addition to describing the sphere, my aim is to investigate and critique the regulatory environment affecting social enterprises, and to map international good practices and policy guidelines. Furthermore, I present the social background and embeddedness of the social economy sector, as well as the objectives and results of „GINOP program” implemented in the 2014-2020 budget cycle for the social sector in Hungary.

Hajas, Tamás Boildizsár: The Conflict of the Desegregation Doctrine and and Missionary Logic: The Segregation Case of the Huszár-telep

This paper examines the segregation case of the Huszár-telep from a perspective of legal theory. Studying the textual deep structure of the judgment of the Curia, the sets of arguments of the parties are discovered. From this two important conclusions follow. First, building on the nomos concept of Robert M. Cover, a clash of two narrative systems is detected. One is the “Desegregation Doctrine” and the other is the “Missionary Logic”. Second, it demonstrates the indeterminacy of legal concepts and the structure of rules, giving a critical account of doctrinal theory. In conclusion, this paper calls for interpretation beyond legal formalism, using a paradigm of narrative complexity.

Janovicz, Júlia: The examination of the relation between religious attitudes and machiavellianism

To be a useful, active part of the society, a person must develop some specific skill during the process of socializing - for instance, we need to learn, that in different areas of everyday life, there are different rules that applies to us. We need to form a system of norms, which will characterize our thinking methods, or the patterns of our behaviour. Religiosity is one of these system. In the psychology of religion, it is an elementary question that what kind of factors are behind the religious attitudes, and what kind of traits shape these attitudes.

The aim of this paper is to discover, what kind of traits and correlations are behind the religiosity. The main question in this paper is that, if there's any difference between the Mach-scores amongst the religious attitudes. To test my hypotheses, I used the Dahling's Machiavellian Scale and the Post Critical Belief Scale.

Kovács, Áron: Will there ever be another successful public opinion research?

Confidence in public opinion polls has been severely shaken in recent years. Starting with the tragic outcome of the pre-Brexit referendum polls that shocked the whole of Europe, and continuing with the 2016 or 2020 US presidential elections. Certainly, something is changing in the science of polling, but there are no precise answers to the questions yet. In the first part of this article, I will explain how a survey is constructed and what we as consumers need to look out for when we come across it in the media or anywhere else. In the second part, I will take a practical example and look at the circumstances of the Brexit vote and how this will have short and long-term implications for the science of public opinion research.

Pajor, Angelika: The political dimension of the European integration in the case of Montenegro

One of the next possible steps of the European enlargement is the joining of Montenegro. Montenegro became independent in 2008 and it has been committed deeply towards the European integration since the beginning. However, the country's political and economic development is not satisfactory yet. This study aims to collect the criteria which the west-balkan states need to meet in order to become ready for the European integration, and the factors which hinder Montenegro's political development. The methodology of Tibor Palánki and Viktoria Kovács-Endrődi was used to approach these questions.

Szücs, Angéla: The display of political ideologies in today's Hungarian public education

Public education has been established and structured by political decisions since Maria Theresa's reign. Thus, it cannot be and would not like to be independent from current politics. This study shows the educational political measures and steps introduced between 2010-2021 and collects, organises the Christian-conservative political elements in the Hungarian National Curriculum, in framework curricula, in course books, and in other educational materials. The aim of this study is to help the mapping of this socio-political phenomena and help the reader to place it in context of current and past history.

Tóth-Kuthy, Márton: Transitional justice and structural violence – Sickle and torch?

Social violence in post-conflict societies is a complex and challenging problem, nevertheless a problem that must be faced. This essay focuses on what structural violence is, how transitional justice is able to tackle it on its own, what instruments it has and how effective they are. I will conclude that even the best implemented transitional justice process has its limits while addressing the complex issue of structural violence.

Duray, Csilla: Climate Change in the Arctic region and what role the European Union plays in the High North

The global warming trend of recent decades affects the Arctic region to a higher extent than average. The melting of the sea ice in the Arctic Ocean will not only allow trade and raw material exploitation in the area, raising international legal issues, but will also accelerate the process of climate change. Global and regional climate change has been addressed by the international community since the 1970s. European countries also play an important role in the current and future situation in the Arctic. Given the participation of the EU Member States concerned in Arctic decision-making fora, the European Union is only represented as an ad-hoc observer. Therefore, the EU rather intends to contribute to international Arctic goals through research and development.

Orosz, Álmos Botond: The future of electric batteries

Electric batteries play a significant role in our everyday life: they are in our mobile phones, our vehicles, and in other commonly used items. However, apart from their convenient features, they possess much-needed advantages that may facilitate the development of our energy storage and service policies, which would strengthen their significance. In this review, I collected the most recent publications on the state-of-the-art technologies, that will most likely shape the next five-fifteen years of electric batteries.

Hargitai, Lili: V1-construction in Dutch conditional tense

Apart from the typical V2 (SVO) word order in Dutch, the so-called verb-initial (V1) word order can also be found in special cases. Here, the verb appears before the subject and the object. My study examines two such structures in the Dutch conditional tense. These constructions do not only have the word order in common, but also the fact that they are

actual language changes in Dutch and hypercorrection may play an important role in the spread of both structures. I have examined written Dutch with the help of corpus analysis and spoken Dutch with the help of a survey. This study also aimed to investigate the main differences between Belgian and Netherlands Dutch, so it provides basically a „snapshot” of two actual Dutch language changes.

Kintli, Dóra: *Casta cubilia*: Political and moral aspects of King Sigibert’s marriage in Venantius Fortunatus’ epithalamium (Carm. 6.1)

In this paper I examine the late antique poet’s, Venantius Fortunatus’ (~535–609) epithalamium written for the wedding of the Austrasian king, Sigibert and the Visigoth princess, Brunchilde. Fortunatus’ primary task was to represent Sigibert’s power, which aim he fulfilled by depicting the king as a just and wise ruler. Furthermore, by Vergilian allusions Sigibert appears as a founder of a dynasty. However, Fortunatus accentuated the moral aspects of the Christian marriage, as Merovingian rulers often had other liaisons besides their wives. This way the epithalamium portrayed Sigibert as the ideal ruler, but it also functioned as an admonishment to the king.

Vadas, Ágoston: Possibilities of cartilage surface damage repair, the role of osteochondral allograft transplantation in cartilage surface formation

Impaired joint function and pain due to cartilage surface damage affects a significant portion of the population. Two techniques are used in the surgical treatment of common musculoskeletal disorders. One method is to repair the damaged cartilage surface by biological methods, which either promotes natural regeneration or fills in the cartilage surface imperfections with living cartilage tissue. As a result of these techniques, a cartilage surface very similar to or of the same quality as the original is created, however, the size of the defect limits their application. Endoprosthetic surgeries continue to be the solution to treat large-scale defects.