

As indicated by the title of the series, its content is not limited to Hungarian, but covers the whole of the Uralic-Altai field. However, in some cases an entire book, or a part of it, is devoted to Hungarian. The series is the biggest international publication venture of Uralic and Altaic studies recently launched in Hungary.

Bibliotheca Uralica, 1–5, 1978–1980, Akadémiai Kiadó, Budapest

The new series of Hungarian Finno-Ugric studies, was created and is being edited by Péter Hajdú, the most eminent Uralic linguist in Hungary. It aims to concentrate not merely on linguistics, but also on the entire field of Uralic studies. The books are especially directed at an international audience and sometimes the majority of the authors are international as well. We ought to mention the elegant printing of the books together, alas, with their exorbitant price. So far the following have been published.

1. *Shamanism in Siberia*. Edited by V. Diószegi and M. Hoppál. 1978. 532 pp. (30 papers divided into five major topics, two short introductions, and exemplary name and subject indices. Hungarian material is mentioned only in some papers. The publication is entirely in English, and was initiated and prepared by the great Hungarian expert on shamanism, Vilmos Diószegi (1923–1972); after his death Mihály Hoppál carried out the publication. The book is the second volume on Siberian shamanism produced in Hungary, and other similar publication are to appear.)

2. Edith Vértes: *Morphonematische Untersuchung der ostjakischen Vokalharmonie*. 1978. 192 pp., figs., plates. (A summarizing monograph on vowel harmony in Ostyak.)

3. *Zyrian Folklore Texts* by Károly Rédei. 1978. 652 pp. (251 texts in the original and English translation, with a short introduction and notes, 29 melodies and 7 photos enrich the important collection made in 1964 in the Komi ASSR by the author.)

4. Marianne Sz. Bakró-Nagy: *Die Sprache des Bärenkultes im Obugrischen*. 1979. 141 pp. (A strictly linguistic data study, with a few references to bear-ceremonialism in general.)

5. *Genre, Structure and Reproduction in Oral Literature*. Edited by Lauri Honko and Vilmos Voigt. 1980. 188 pp. (5 papers by Finnish, 6 papers by Hungarian scholars, devoted to Siberian, Finnish, Old Icelandic and in 2 papers to Hungarian folk literature. Some of the papers deal mainly with comparative or theoretical problems. A similar joint Finnish-Hungarian volume was published in 1981. in Helsinki: *Adaptation, Change, and Decline in Oral Literature*, edited by Lauri Honko and Vilmos Voigt, in the series *Studia Fennica*, vol. 26., with 7 Hungarian and 5 Finnish contributions. In this volume 4 papers deal with Hungarian topics. Similar joint volumes are in preparation.)

Hungarológiai Értesítő—A Nemzetközi Magyar Filológiai Társaság Folyóirata. I–III, 1979–1981, Budapest

The Hungarian language journal of the International Association of Hungarian Studies was launched in 1979. Its general editor was Miklós Béládi, its managing editor is József Jankovics.

The first volume (for 1979, 405 pp.) in a single issue carries a short introduction, and book reviews of the year 1977 concerning Hungarian literary history, music history, linguistics, ethnography, and folklore. The issue contains three bibliographies devoted, respectively, to Hungarian literary studies, linguistics, ethnography and folklore. "Hungarological News" at the end of the volume gives a summary of the founding meeting of the International Association of Hungarian Studies (Nyíregyháza 1977), and reports on conferences, publications, news. The full list of members and bureau members of the society concludes the volume.

The second volume, also in a single issue (for 1980, 504 pp.), follows the same principles. Book reviews and bibliographies for the year 1978, then the "Hungarological News", and finally the complete up-to-dated membership list of the society are printed.

The third volume (for 1981) was divided into two issues, no. 1–2, and no. 3–4, in 228 and 344 pages, respectively. The first double issue presents the three bibliographies for the year 1979, the second one the book reviews for 1979, then the "Hungarological News" and the current membership list. Among the book reviews, even in the earlier volumes references were given to musical records. In the last issue this section is especially useful, because besides Hungarian music or literary records it gives a list of Hungarian records issued in Rumania and Yugoslavia.

The printing technique and editorial care improved during the later issues. The first three volumes gave an impressive amount of information concerning recent Hungarian studies. They contain more than fifteen hundred short book and record reviews, and the bibliographies give more than 10,000 references. The formal coordination of the bibliographies could be more strict, and if the journal prints book reviews on the history of music, it is curious that in the bibliographies, works on the history of music are omitted. Our first and major impression is that the journal, despite its short existence, has already become the central publication for world-wide Hungarology.

Ethnography of Ethnic Minorities in Hungary, 1975–1982

In 1975 the Hungarian Ethnographic Society (*Magyar Néprajzi Társaság*) initiated an irregular series of publications devoted to the ethnic minorities living in present-day Hungary. Iván Balassa was the editor-in-chief of the whole series, while the different language publications had their own editorial board. The publications have appeared in such languages as Croatian, German, Rumanian, Serbian, Slovak or Slovenian, sometimes with Hungarian summaries. Hitherto the following issues were published.

Beiträge zur Volkskunde der Ungarndeutschen—A magyarországi németek néprajzához

Redaktionskollektiv: Iván Balassa, Claus Klotz, Karl Manherz.

1. Budapest: Magyar Néprajzi Társaság, 1975. 260 pp.

2. Budapest: Tankönyvkiadó, 1979. 230. pp.

3. Budapest: Tankönyvkiadó, 1981. 303 pp.

4. Herausgegeben von Karl Manherz. Budapest: Tankönyvkiadó, 1982. 308 pp.

Din tradiționale populare ale românilor din Hungaria—A magyarországi románok néprajza

1. Redactori: Ágnes Kovács, Alexandru Hotopan. Budapest: Magyar Néprajzi Társaság, 1975. 131 pp.

2. Redactor-sef: Iván Balassa; redactor Ágnes Kovács. Budapest: Tankönyvkiadó, 1979. 71 pp.

Etnografija južnih slavena u Mađarskoj—A magyarországi délszlávok néprajza

1. Urednici: Iván M. Balassa, Marko Deić. Budapest: Magyar Néprajzi Társaság, 1975. 159 pp.

2. Glavni urednik: Iván Balassa. Budapest: Tankönyvkiadó, 1977. 217 pp.

3. Glavni urednik: Iván Balassa. Urednici: Marija Kiss, Marien Mandić. Budapest: Tankönyvkiadó, 1979. 178 pp.

4. Glavni urednici: Iván Balassa, Mária Kiss, Ágnes Démuth, Budapest: Tankönyvkiadó, 1982. 251 pp.

5. Urednik: Marija Kiss. Budapest: Tankönyvkiadó, 1982. 199 pp.

Národopis slovákov v Maďarsku—A magyarországi szlovákok néprajza.

Redakčná rada: Anna Gyivicsanová, András Krupa, István Lami, János Manga.

1. Budapest: Magyar Néprajzi Társaság, 1975. 186 pp.